# CITY OF ANN ARBOR STORMWATER RATE STUDY

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April 2017

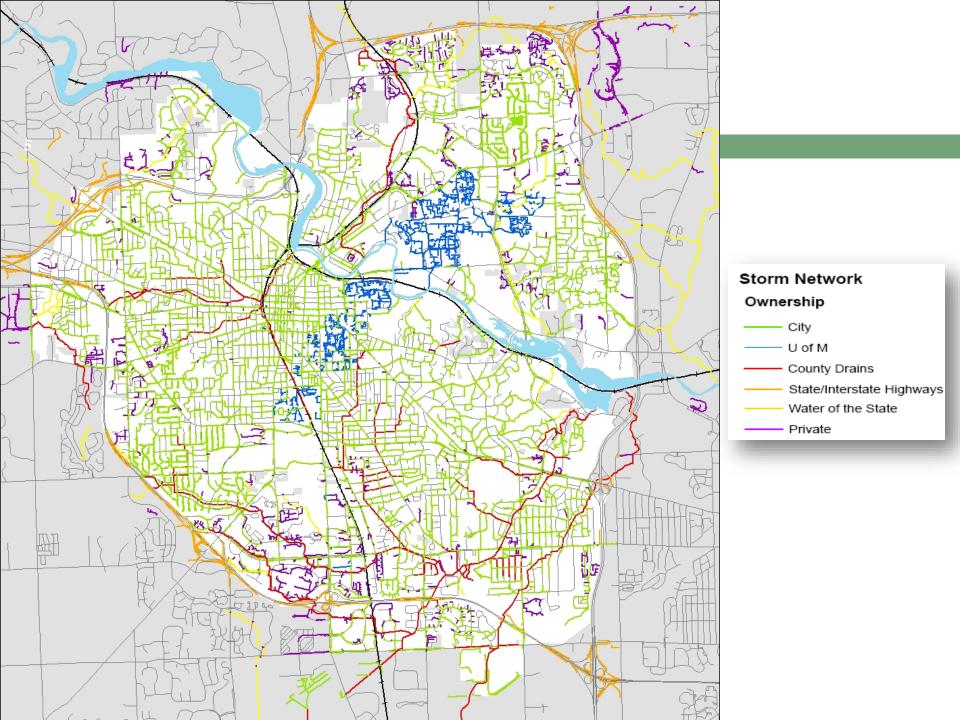
# Agenda

- Brief Stormwater System Background
- □ 2017 Rate Study Overview/ Public Engagement
- Identified Capital Needs
- Identified Programmatic Needs
- Revenue Requirements
- □ Cost Allocation & Fee Design
- Credit & Incentives
- $\Box$  Question & Discussion



# City's Stormwater System

- $\square$  The City manages an extensive system consisting of:
  - 231 miles of stormwater mains
  - 11,000 catch basins / inlets
  - □ 7,053 manholes
  - □ 212 outfalls
  - 783 miles of roadway curb and gutters
  - 2 surface detention basins
- □ Stormwater ultimately goes to Huron River
  - None receives advanced treatment
  - Sanitary goes directly to Wastewater Treatment Plant



# Age of the Stormwater System

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Decade Co	nstructed	Feet	of Main	Miles of Main	Percent of Total
1900s			410	0.08	0.03%
1910s	<b><b>1 Q</b></b>		52,545	9.95	4.29%
1920s	LoO		135,768	25.71	11.09%
1930s			40,451	7.66	3.30%
1940s				7.15	3.09%
1950s			197,359	37.38	16.12%
1960s	53 20/	303,638	57.51	24.80%	
1970s	990A		149,789	28.37	12.24%
1980s			69,027	13.07	5.64%
1990s	<b>SR(</b>	25%	114,035	21.60	9.32%
2000s	45		60,835	11.52	4.97%
2010s				1.27	0.55%
unknown			55,837	10.58	4.56%
TOTAL			1,224,158	231.85	

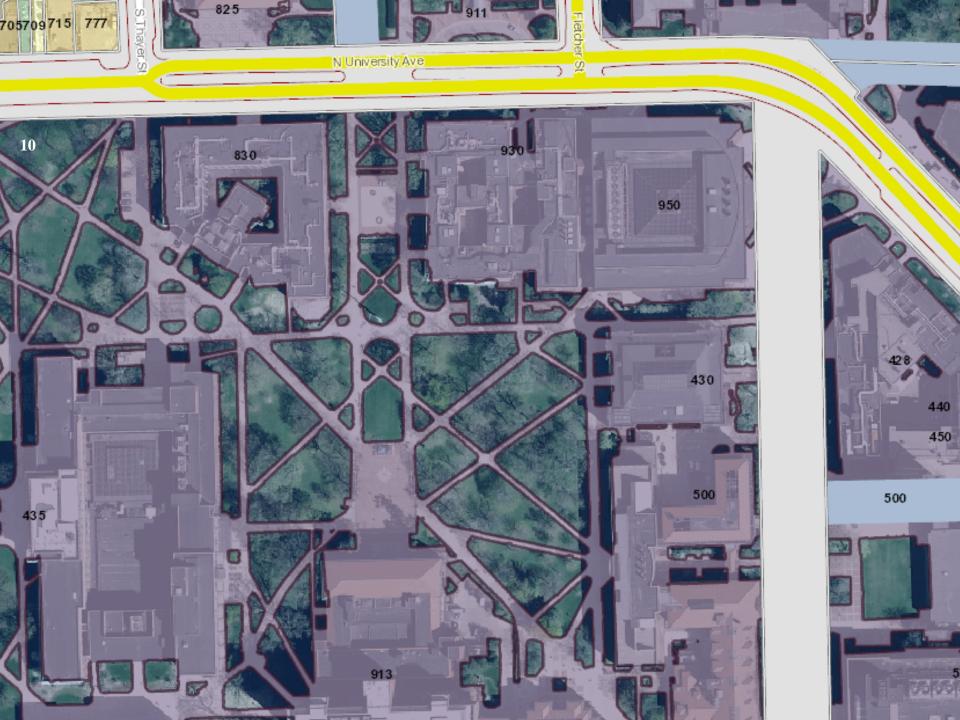
# What is Stormwater Management?

- Asset Management
  - Operations
  - Maintenance Scheduling/ Work Orders
  - Asset Inventory
- □ Capital Improvements
- □ Regulatory Programming & Enforcement
  - State/Federal Water Quality Regulations
  - Floodplain Programming and Implementation
- □ Forestry (Street Trees)
- □ Green Streets Policy
  - Capital investment of public stormwater system
  - Green infra structure
- □ Public Education & Outreach

# What is a Stormwater Utility?

- A dedicated funding source to support an a dministrative organization that plans, designs, constructs and maintains a stormwater management system, sediment and flood control programs and projects, and provides education.
  - Functions like the City's water and wastewater utilities
- Customers' fee are based on Impervious Area
  - Not used for first-time service (i.e., Special Assessment District)





### Ann Arbor Stormwater Utility Revenue



- $\square 2007 = $4,042,000$
- $\Box$  2008 = \$4,778,000
- $\Box$  2009 = \$5,190,000
- $\Box$  2010 = \$5,299,000
- $\square$  2011 = \$5,396,000
- $\square 2012 = $6,062,000$
- $\Box$  2013 = \$6,059,000
- $\square 2014 = $6,155,000$
- $\Box$  2015 = \$6,228,000
- $\square 2016 = $6,672,000$

# Funding Challenges

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  - While revenues have increased, the stormwater system faces significant funding challenges
  - □ Current revenues are insufficient to address:
    - Capital funding needs
      - Aging infra structure
      - System improvements
    - Addition of Funding of Green Streets Policy & Street Trees
    - Increasing regulatory requirements
    - Community level of service expectations



# 13 2017 Rate Study Overview

# Study Objectives

- □ Projection of full cost of service
  - Develop multi-year financial management plan
  - □ Integrate desired level of service (LOS) and system needs
- □ Evaluate stormwater cost allocation and fee structure
- □ Engage community stakeholders
  - Solicit input and comments regarding community expectations related to stormwater service
- Develop dynamic model for future use
  - □ Long-term sustainability & ongoing financial management

# Our Approach to the Rate Study



# Public Engagement

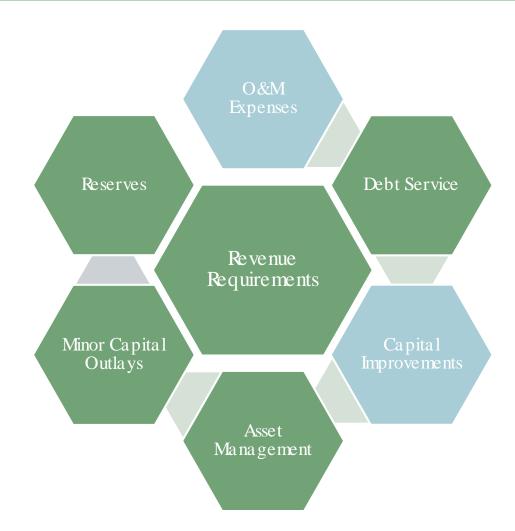
- □ Town Hall Meeting
  - **J**une 14, 2016
- □ Online Survey
  - August 2016
  - See handout
  - $\square$  100+ responses

# Advisory Group

- □ Invited a cross-section representative from various community sectors to be a part of the Advisory Group.
  - University of Michigan
  - Residents
  - Apartment owners
  - Rental owners
  - □ Climate Adaptation experts
  - Public Education Experts
  - Washtenaw County Water Resources Commissioner's Office
  - Huron River Watershed Council



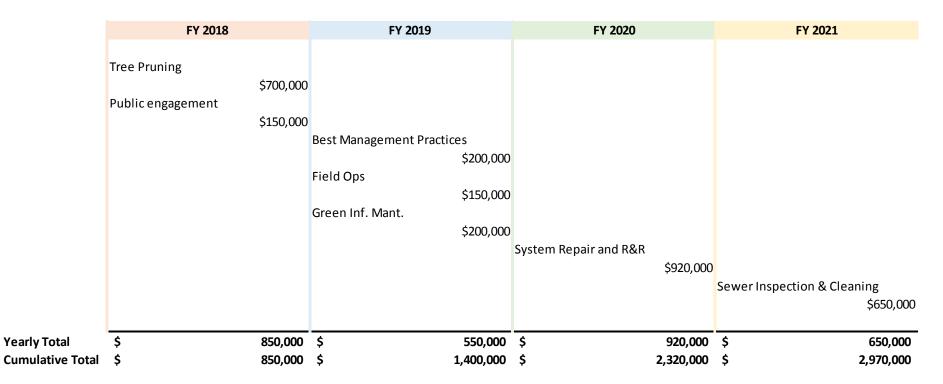
## Revenue Requirement Components



# Stormwater O&M Recommendation

- Best Management Practices (\$200k / year)
  - Increased stormwater BMP inspection and illicit discharge elimination inspections
- □ Tree Pruning (\$700k / year)
  - □ Increased pruning & maintenance of the 43,000 right of way trees
- CCTV Frequency (\$700k / year)
  - □ Increased frequency 20% of the system every 5 years, the rest 20 year cycle
- □ Field Operations (\$150k / year)
  - additional stormwater work associated with that street resurfacing
- $\Box$  Green Infrastructure (\$200k / year)
  - Provide funding for the maintenance requirements of existing and new green infrastructure
- Public Engagement (\$150k / year)
  - □ List of initiatives and plan TBD
- $\Box$  Asset Management (\$870k / year)
  - Provides increased funding for City & WCWRC rehabilitation and emergency repairs
- $\Box$  Total O&M Recommendations = \$2.37M
- $\Box$  FY 2017 O&M Budget = \$5.22M

# Stormwater O&M Phase-in Plan



- Total O&M Enhancements = \$2.97M; FY 2017 O&M Budget = \$5.22M
- Phasing plan was created in order to recognize funding limitations, practical limitations and the prioritization of and coordination with other key initiatives

# Capital Improvement Plan Summary

- Study reflects "Desired" 10-year plan; Total of \$61M, consisting of 55 projects including:
  - Lower Allen Creek = \$10.8M (\$1.2M per year)
  - Street Tree Planting = \$4.1M (\$0.4M per year)
  - Lawton Park Stormwater Basin = \$5.1M
  - Malletts Creek Streambank Stabilization = \$2.7M
  - Churchill Park / Eisenhower ROW Basin = \$2.1M
  - Miller Creek Channel Modification = \$1.5M
  - Detroit Street Brick Paver Reconstruction = \$1.3M
  - Briarwood Mall Pond = \$1.2M
- CIP funding is the driver for approximately 85% of future rate adjustments needs

#### Stormwater Financial Plan - Example

SAVE CALC	ROLL	FINA	NCIAL AI	NALYSIS			MENT S		(FAMS)	SUMMA	RY	_		RESET
The City of Ann Arbor								Zoom						
	_	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	Cumulative	Change	10/20
Override ►			35.00%	10.00%	10.00%	10.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	FY 2022	FY 2026	10/20
Impervious Area Charges		0.00%	35.00%	10.00%	10.00%	10.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	59.38%	92.18%	
Last Plan		0.00%	35.00%	10.00%	10.00%	10.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	59.38%	92.18%	
	Override ►		-42.19%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	Non-LOS Options	Option	Start Ye
Administrative		0.00%	-42.19%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	BMP maint/ins	\$ 200,000	FY 202
	Last Plan	0.00%	-42.19%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	Tree Pruning	\$ 100,000	FY 201
Rate Cove	enant	19.60	17.59	8.20	5.47	3.67	3.25	3.29	3.23	3.13	3.08	CCTV Freq.	\$ 700,000	FY 202
Nate cove	Last Plan	19.60	17.59	8.20	5.47	3.67	3.25	3.29	3.23	3.13	3.08	Field Ops. CS	\$ 150,000	FY 201
												-		
	distribution <b>&gt;</b>	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	Green Inf. Mant.	\$ 200,000	FY 201
	Execution % 🕨	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	_		
	P Funding % 🕨	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	LOS Options		
Operating	Reserve Mo ►	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	Admin		
Base Rate	\$6.77	\$6.77	\$3.91	\$3.99	\$4.07	\$4.15	\$4.24	\$4.32	\$4.41	\$4.50	\$4.59	Public Eng.	\$ 150,000	FY 201
2,187 - 4,175 ft2	\$29.75	\$29.75	\$38.62	\$42.48	\$46.73	\$51.40	\$53.97	\$56.67	\$59.50	\$62.47	\$65.60	ОНМ	3	FY 202
Quarterl		\$36.52	\$42.53	\$46.47	\$50.80	\$55.55	\$58.20	\$60.99	\$63.91	\$66.97	\$70.18	Operations		
Change \$			\$6.01	\$3.94	\$4.33	\$4.75	\$2.65	\$2.78	\$2.92	\$3.06	\$3.21	Debt Service Res.	\$1,500,000	
Change	e % Last Plan	\$36.52	16.46% \$42.53	9.26% \$46.47	9.31% \$50.80	9.36% \$55.55	4.78% \$58.20	4.78% \$60.99	4.79%	4.79%	4.80% \$70.18	Check	-	
Last Plan \$36.52 \$42.53 \$46.47 \$50.80 \$55.55 \$58.20 \$60.99 \$63.91 \$66.97 \$70.18 Operating Fund Current Plan Last Plan Target 10 6 6 6 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10														
CIP Spending Current Plan Last Plan Current														

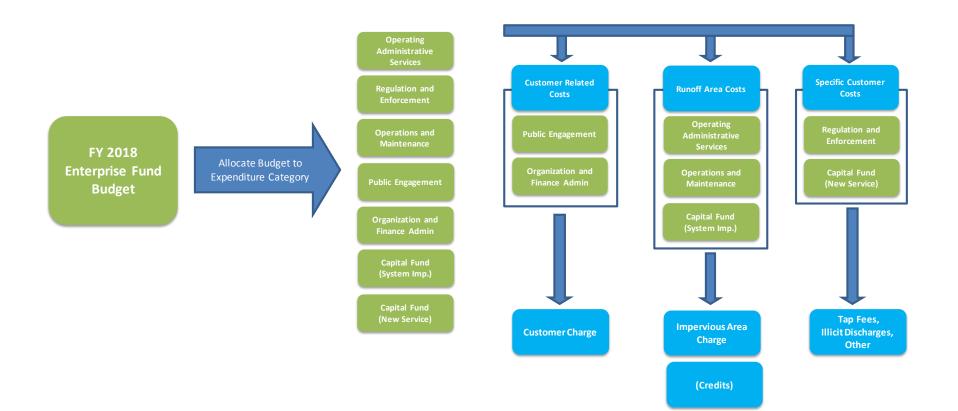
# Summary

	Option 1 (Full CIP)
CIP Funded (Future \$)	\$67.5 M
FY 2017 Average Quarterly Residential SW Bill	\$33.24
FY 2018 Revenue Adjustment	28%
FY 2018 Average Quarterly Residential SW Bill	\$42.53
10 Year Cumulative Adjustment	92%
FY 2026 Average Quarterly Residential SW Bill	\$70.18



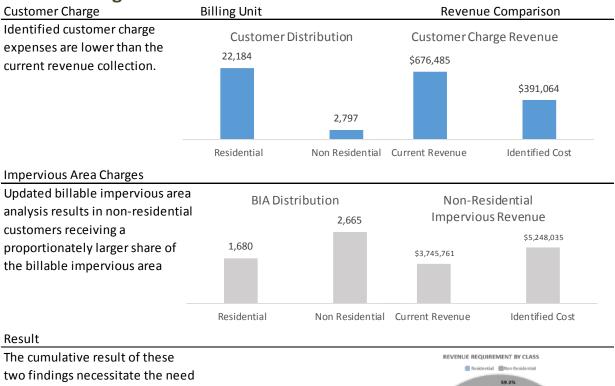
## **Cost Allocation Framework**

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# **Cost Allocation Summary**

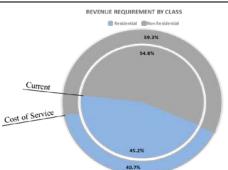
#### **Cost Allocation Findings:**



to recover more of the revenue

requirement from Non-

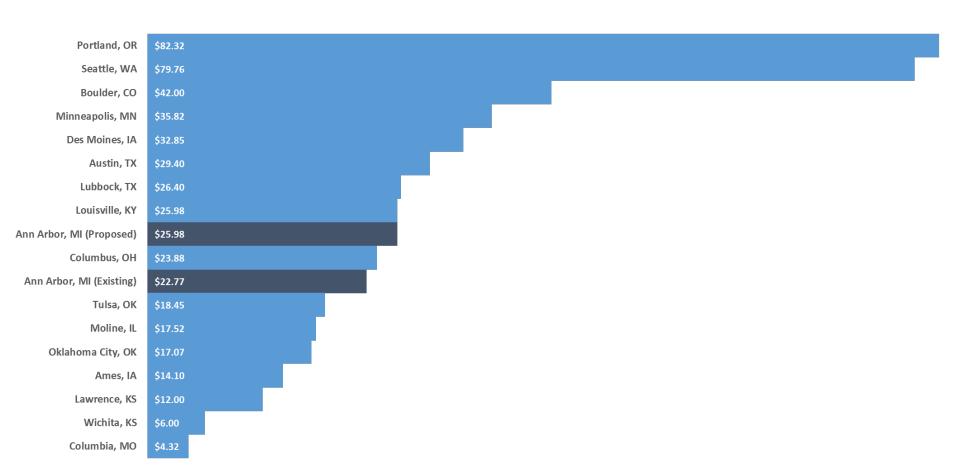
**Residential customers** 



# Top Ten Customer Impacts (Qtr.)

09-32-115-001	1319 S MAIN ST	506075	U/ M WOLVERINE TO WERS
09-32-300-001	601 W STADIUM BLVD	506794	AAPS/ PIONEER 1
09-22-100-005	2800 PLYMOUTH RD	528533	U OF M N. CAMPUS RESEARCH COMPLEX
09-22-400-021	1104 MCINTYREDR	530825	U/ M NORTHWOOD IV APTS #601
09-26-204-900	3000 LAKEHAVEN DR	518346	GEDDES LAKE CONDOMINIUMS
09-32-115-003	330 EHOOVERAVE	518283	UNIV OF MICH
08-25-102-900	299 N MAPLERD	503977	NEW PLAN RLTY TR
09-27-100-003	2727 FULLER RD	517861	AAPS/ HURON 1
12-02-105-010	3613 WASHIENAW AVE	526981	AMCAP INC ARBORLAND, LLC
09-21-403-039	1230 HUBBARD RD	518284	U/ M VERA BAIIS I

# How does this compare to other communities a cross the country?



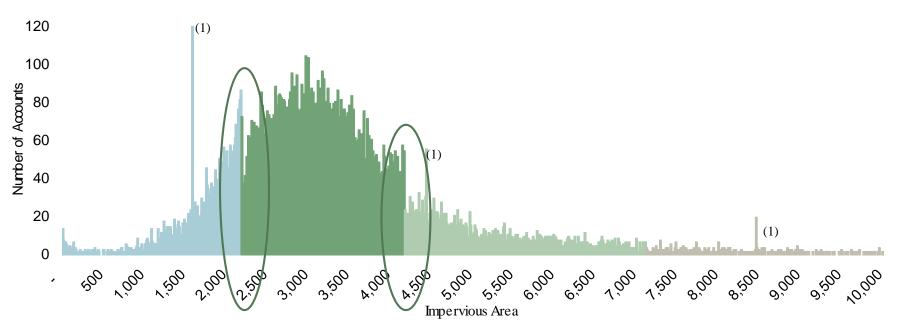
\*\*does not account for Level of Service comparison, assumes 3,000 sqft of Impervious\*\*(Based on publicly available data as of December 2016)

## Fee Structure Evaluation

- As part of the 2007 stormwater rate study the City adopted a tiered structure for residential properties
  - □ Tiers were developed based on the statistical distribution of impervious area within the residential customer class
- Reviewed the impacts and appropriateness of the current residential fee structure
  - □ Current statistical distribution of residential impervious area
  - Evaluated changes in impervious area per parcel since the 2007 study and resulting impacts of the fee structure

# Single & Two-Family Impervious Area Distribution



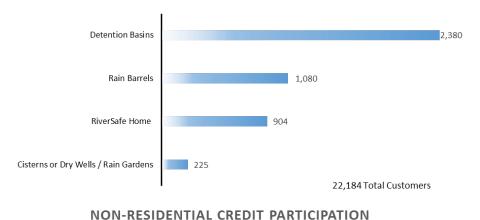


(1) Arbor Hills, Northbury and Forest Creek have equal split impervious area units

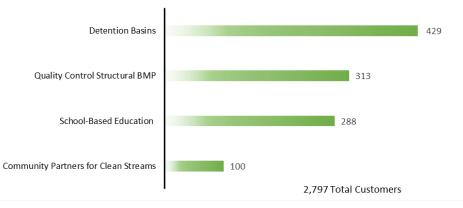
- □ Fee structure has resulted in reductions/ a wareness of impervious area
- □ Statistical analysis revealed that current tiers are still appropriate

# Stormwater Credit Background

- Intended to reflect reductions of stormwater through detention or retention stemming from parcel-specific investments
  - Key element of a stormwater user fee structure, as it allows consumers to control their "use of the system" (Bolt vs. Lansing)
  - Credits last evaluated in 2007
    - Adjusted annually consistent with rates



RESIDENTIAL CREDIT PARTICIPATION



## Potential Additional Credits' Incentives

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- Two additional credit opportunities were identified
  - □ Green roofs offered as a reduction in impervious area based upon the area of the roof
  - Tree canopy credits offered as a reduction in impervious area based on specific tree canopy (typically non-residential)
    - □ Specific details/ program parameters would need to be established
- Communities have offered rebates for tree planting in addition to or in place of tree canopy credits
  - □ Typically just residential customers



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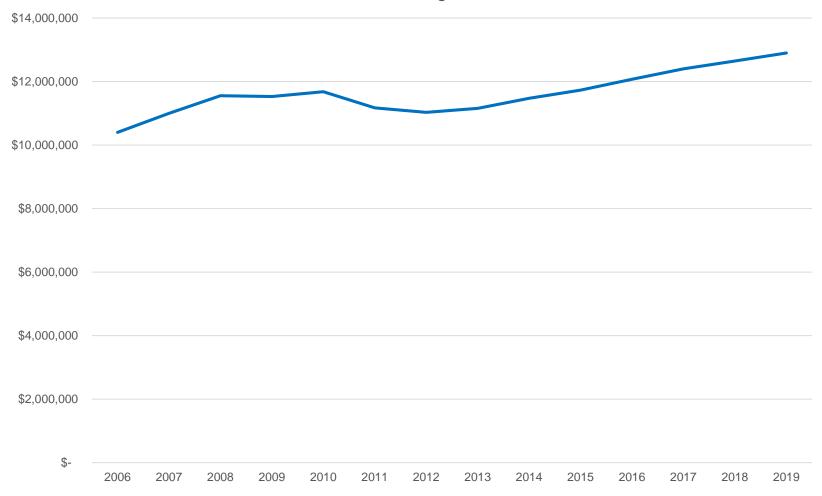
#### Question & Discussion

#### Solid Waste Fund Revenue vs. Expenditures

\$25,000,000

\$4.9M Landfill Liability \$20,000,000 \$1.4 M Landfill Liability \$15,000,000 \$10,000,000 \$5,000,000 \$-2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 Revenue Expense FY18-19 represents submitted budget request

#### Solid Waste Millage Revenue



#### Solid Waste Fund Balance

